Introduction to Java (Latte) Course Syllabus

The CodeHS Intro to Java (Latte) course is aligned to all College Board seven curriculum requirements extensively as shown in the table below. However, some more advanced topics, like recursion and the various sorting algorithms have been omitted. Therefore, this course does NOT prepare students for the AP CS A exam. The curriculum requirements laid out by the College Board are:

❖ CR1: Teaches students to design and implement computer-based solutions to problems.
❖ CR2a: Teaches students to use and implement commonly used algorithms.
❖ CR2b: Teaches students to use commonly used data structures.
❖ CR3: Teaches students to select appropriate algorithms and data structures to solve problems.
❖ CR4: Teaches students to code fluently in an object-oriented paradigm using the programming language Java.
❖ CR5: Teaches students to use elements of the standard Java library.
❖ CR6: Includes a structured-lab component composed of a minimum of 20 hours of hands-on lab experiences.
❖ CR7: Teaches students to recognize the ethical and social implications of computer use.

Course Overview and Goals

The CodeHS Intro to Java (Latte) course is a year-long course designed to help students master the basics of Java. All learning materials and resources teachers and students need for a successful year-long Java course can be found on the CodeHS website.

Learning Environment: The course utilizes a blended classroom approach. The content is fully web-based, with students writing and running code in the browser. Teachers utilize tools and resources provided by CodeHS to leverage time in the classroom and give focused 1-on-1 attention to students. Each unit of the course is broken down into lessons. Lessons consist of
video tutorials, short quizzes, example programs to explore, and written programming exercises, adding up to over 100 hours of hands-on programming practice in total. Several units have free response questions that have students consider the applications of programming and incorporate examples from their own lives.

**Programming Environment:** Students write and run Java programs in the browser using the CodeHS editor. [CR1] [CR6]

**Quizzes:** At the end of each unit, students take a summative multiple choice unit quiz that assesses their knowledge of the Java concepts covered in the unit. Included in each lesson is a formative short multiple choice quiz.

**More information:** Browse the content of this course at [https://codehs.com/course/692](https://codehs.com/course/692)

**Prerequisites**

There are no official prerequisites for the CodeHS Intro Java course, however we recommend that students take our Introduction to Computer Science prior to Intro to Java (more info at [codehs.com/library](https://codehs.com/library)). Students who have completed our Intro to CS course will be able to apply knowledge of concepts covered in the Intro course to the more advanced setting of the Intro to Java course. It is also expected that students know basic English and algebra. Students should be comfortable with functions and function notation, such as $f(x) = x + 2$ and $f(x) = g(h(x))$.

**Course Breakdown**

**Unit 1: Introduction to Programming in Java with Karel the Dog (3 weeks)**

Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1309](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1309)

| Objectives / Topics Covered [CR1] | ● Commands  
● Defining vs. Calling Methods  
● Designing methods  
● Program entry points  
● Control flow  
● Looping  
● Conditionals  
● Classes  
● Commenting code  
● Preconditions and Postconditions  
● Top Down Design |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Assignments / Labs [CR1] [CR6]  | ● 34 Karel Programming Exercises in total  
● Program-specific tasks for Karel the Dog  
  ○ Example Exercise:  
    Maze Karel |
Karel is stuck in a maze. Help him escape and find the tennis ball at the end.
Your job is to give commands to Karel to help navigate the maze and end up on the tennis ball.
Karel should end up facing East.

- **Teach Karel new commands like `turnRight()` or `makePancakes()`**
  - Example Exercise:
    Pancakes
    Karel is the waiter. He needs to deliver a stack of pancakes to the guests on the 2nd, 4th, and 6th avenue. Each stack of pancakes should have three pancakes.
    Create a method called `makePancakes()` to help Karel solve this problem.

- **Solve large Karel problems by breaking them down into smaller, more manageable problems using Top Down Design**
  - Example Exercise:
    The Two Towers
    In this program, Karel should build two towers of tennis balls. Each tower should be 3 tennis balls high. At the end, Karel should end up on top of the second tower, facing East.

- **Using control structures and conditionals to solve general problems**
  - Example Exercise:
    Random Hurdles
    Write a program that has Karel run to the other side of first street, jumping over all of the hurdles. However, the hurdles can be in random locations. The world is fourteen avenues long.
  - Example Exercise:
    Super Cleanup Karel
    Karel’s world is a complete mess. There are tennis balls all over the place, and you need to clean them up. Karel will start in the bottom left corner of the world facing east, and should clean up all of the tennis balls in the world. This program should be general enough to work on any size world with tennis balls in any locations.

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**Unit 2: Basic Java (10 weeks)**
Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1310](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1310)

| Objectives / Topics | • Printing |
| Covered | • Variables  
• Types  
• Arithmetic Expressions  
• Casting ints and doubles  
• Input/Output  
• Errors  
• Loops  
• Conditionals  
• De Morgan’s Laws  
• Short Circuit Evaluation  
• Debugging  
• Nested Control Structures  
• Working with the Java String class  
• Understand computer ethics such as acceptable use policies, copyright, intellectual property, and privacy |
|---|---|
| Assignments / Labs | • Several programming exercises to master each of the topics above. 1-3 exercises per topic for a total of 19 exercises.  
• Example Exercises  
  ○ Add Fractions  
    In this program you will ask the user for 4 integers that represent two fractions. First ask for the numerator of the first and then the denominator. Then ask for the numerator and denominator of the second. Your program should add the two fractions and print out the result.  
  ○ Print the Odds  
    Write a program that prints the odd numbers from 1 to 100.  
  ○ Three Strings  
    Write a program that asks the user for three strings. Then, print out whether the first string concatenated to the second string is equal to the third string.  
• To discuss computer ethics, prompt students to write a short positional argument about a real world issue connected to computer ethics, such as publishing software without properly debugging it or downloading a copyrighted program and giving it away for free. |

**Unit 3: Methods (4 weeks)**  
Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1311](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1311)
| Objectives / Topics Covered [CR1] [CR5] | ● Methods  
● Parameters  
● Return values  
● Javadocs  
● @param  
● @return  
● Understand how to iterate over a String and process each character  
● Java Exceptions  
● Compile-Time vs Run-Time Exceptions  
● Java String class and methods  
● Java Character class and methods  
  ○ Quick overview of static methods, more detail in next Unit |
|---|---|
| Assignments / Labs [CR1] [CR5] [CR6] | ● Several programming exercises to master each of the topics above. 27 exercises in total  
● Example Exercises:  
  ○ Parameter passing  
    ▪ Echo  
      Write a method called echo that takes one String parameter called text and one int parameter called numTimes and prints out that String that number of times.  
  ○ Return values  
    ▪ Average  
      Write a method called average that takes two doubles and returns a double that's the average of those two numbers.  
  ○ Javadocs  
    ▪ Is Divisible  
      Write a method that returns whether a is divisible by b. Provide proper Javadoc style comments above the method signature. Your method signature should be public boolean isDivisible(int a, int b)  
  ○ String class  
    ▪ First and Last  
      Write a method that returns a String that is just the first and last character of the given string. Your return value should be only two characters long. You can assume that the given string will not be empty. The method signature should be public String firstAndLast(String str) |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Character class</strong></th>
<th><strong>String processing</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is it an Integer?</td>
<td>Replace Letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Given a string, determine if it is an integer. For example the string “123” is an integer, but the string “hello” is not. It is an integer if all of the characters in the string are digits. Return true if it is an integer, or false if it is not. Hint: There is a method <code>Character.isDigit()</code> that takes a char as an argument and returns a boolean value.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Write a method that replaces all instance of one letter with another. For example, <code>replaceLetter(&quot;hello&quot;, 'l', 'y')</code> returns &quot;heyyo&quot;</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Unit 4: Classes and Object Oriented Programming (8 weeks)**
Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1312](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1312)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objectives / Topics Covered</th>
<th>[CR1] [CR4] [CR5]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>● Using classes as a client</td>
<td>● Classes vs Objects</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Classes vs Objects</td>
<td>● Class methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● Class methods</td>
<td>● Instance variables</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Instance variables</td>
<td>● Constructors</td>
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<td>● Constructors</td>
<td>● Visibility</td>
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<td>● Visibility</td>
<td>● Information hiding</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Information hiding</td>
<td>● this</td>
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<td>● this</td>
<td>● static</td>
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<tr>
<td>● static</td>
<td>● super</td>
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<tr>
<td>● super</td>
<td>● The Java Math class and methods (abs, pow, sqrt, sin, cos)</td>
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<tr>
<td>● The Java Math class and</td>
<td>● Creating random values with the CodeHS Randomizer class</td>
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<tr>
<td>methods</td>
<td>● Designing classes</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Designing classes</td>
<td>● Creating classes</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Creating classes</td>
<td>● Getter and setter methods</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Getter and setter methods</td>
<td>● Inheritance</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Inheritance</td>
<td>● Method overloading</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Method overloading</td>
<td>● Local variables and scope</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Local variables and scope</td>
<td>● Comparing objects vs primitive types</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Comparing objects vs</td>
<td>● Abstract classes</td>
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<tr>
<td>primitive types</td>
<td>● packages</td>
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<tr>
<td>● Abstract classes</td>
<td>● Polymorphism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● packages</td>
<td>● Interfaces</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
**Assignments / Labs [CR1] [CR4] [CR5] [CR6]**

- Several programming exercises to master each of the topics above. 35 exercises in total.
- Examples
  - Using the Student Class
    In this program we have a Student class in Student.java and a tester program at StudentTester.java.
    If you open up StudentTester.java you will see we have a bit of code there already. We’ve created two new students, Alan and Ada.
    We create a Student instance by calling the constructor and passing in the first name, last name, and grade level as an integer.
    Your task is to create a Student with your information! Once you have created the Student, print it out to the console.
  - Design and implement a Fraction class from scratch, including a constructor, getter and setter methods, a toString method, and methods to add, subtract, and multiply by other Fraction objects.
  - Implement a RockPaperScissors class with a getWinner(String user, String computer) method that allows a user to play the game Rock, Paper, Scissors against a computer that picks moves randomly.
  - Add an abstract method to an existing Shape class called public abstract double getPerimeter() and implement this method on each of the Shape subclasses, Square, Rectangle, Pentagon, and Circle
  - Fun with Solids
    Given the Solid abstract class, extend it with:
    Pyramid
    Cylinder
    RectangularPrism
    Sphere
    Make sure to create the constructor, volume and surfaceArea methods for each class (the Math class will come in handy).
    Also extend RectangularPrism with Cube.
  - Modify the Fraction class to implement the Comparable interface
## Unit 5: Data Structures (7 weeks)

Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1313](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1313)

| Objectives / Topics Covered | ● Declaring and initializing arrays  
● Constructing ArrayLists  
● Indexing into arrays/ArrayLists  
● Iterating over arrays/ArrayLists  
● Getting the length of an array/ArrayLists  
● ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException  
● IndexOutOfBoundsException  
● Understand array variables are references to objects  
● Arrays/ArrayLists as parameters and return values  
● Inserting and deleting array/ArrayList elements  
● Wrapper classes - Double, Integer  
● Storing objects/primitives in arrays vs. ArrayLists  
● Numerical representations of integers  
  ○ Representations of non-negative integers in different bases  
  ○ Implications of finite integer bounds  
● The List interface  
● Declaring and initializing 2-D rectangular arrays  
● Using nested loops to iterate through 2-D arrays  
● row-major order  
● Students reminded about indices starting at 0  
● Constructing, adding to, and iterating through HashMaps  
● Deciding which data structures to use when designing a class |
| Assignments / Labs | ● Several programming exercises to master each of the topics above. 23 exercises in total.  
● Examples  
  ○ Write a method that returns the index of the minimum value in an array  
  ○ Write a method that returns the first value in an ArrayList  
  ○ See how an ArrayList works under the hood. Write an ExpandingArray class that stores an array as an instance variable and supports the methods  
    public void add(int index, int element)  
    public void add(int element)  
    public int remove(int index)  
    public int size()  
    public String toString()  
  ○ Write the method  
    public int sumRow(int[][] matrix, int row)  
    Which sums row row in the 2D array called matrix.  
  ○ Explore and add to the code for a BlackJack game with a Card class, Deck class, Hand class, and BlackJack class |
- Implement the game Battleship with several incremental checkpoints
  - Implement the Ship class
  - Implement the Location class
  - Implement the Grid class
  - Implement adding a Ship to a Grid
  - Design and implement the Player class
  - Design and implement the Battleship class
  - Add extra features to the game

**Unit 6: Final Project (4 weeks)**

Browse the full content of this unit at [https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1316](https://codehs.com/library/course/692/module/1316)

| Objectives / Topics Covered [CR1] [CR4] | ● Allow students to think creatively about the applications of the concepts covered in the course
  ● Scoping a project
  ● Designing an application from scratch
  ● Incremental development
  ● Testing
  ● Debugging |
|---|---|
| Assignments / Labs [CR1] [CR4] [CR6] | ● Brainstorm ideas for a final project
  ● Plan out milestones for incremental development
  ● Design the different classes you will create for this project
  ● Create your final product |

**Unit 7: Optional Supplemental Materials**

| Objectives / Topics Covered [CR1] [CR4] [CR7] | ● Extra practice with Java concepts
  ○ String processing
  ○ Recursion
  ○ Designing Classes
  ○ Arrays and ArrayLists
  ○ Searching and sorting algorithms
  ● File reading / writing
  ● The Java Scanner class
  ● The Java BufferedReader and BufferedWriter classes
  ● Running Java programs outside of the browser
  ● Running Java programs from the command line
  ● The Java main method
  ● Computing in Context
    ○ Understand computer ethics such as acceptable use policies, copyright, intellectual property, privacy, and the implications of developing software used by real people in real life situations |
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assignments / Labs</td>
<td>● Several additional exercises and advanced projects covering</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
the topics listed above