

CodeHS

Introduction to Computer Science with JavaScript Golden: 1 year for High School (125 contact hours)

Course Overview and Goals

The CodeHS introduction to computer science curriculum teaches the 3/. P."foundations of computer science and basic programming, with an emphasis on helping students develop logical thinking and problem solvinue skills. Once students complete the CodeHS Introduction to Computer Science course, they will have learned material equivalent to a

co/2llege introductory course in Computer Science and be able to program in JavaScript.

Learning Environment: The course utilizes a blended classroom approach. The content is fully web-based, with students writing and running code in the browser. Teachers utilize tools and resources provided by CodeHS to leverage time in the classroom and give focused 1-on-1 attention to students. Each unit of the course is broken down into lessons. Lessons consist of video tutorials, short quizzes, example programs to explore, and written programming exercises, adding up to over 100 hours of hands-on programming practice in total. Each unit ends with a comprehensive unit test that assesses student's mastery of the material from that unit.

Programming Environment: Students write and run JavaScript programs in the browser using the CodeHS editor.

More information: Browse the content of this course at https://codehs.com/course/1

Technology Requirements: To complete all activities and exercises in this course, students must have access to the 3rd party sites and tools listed here: Introduction to Computer Science with JavaScript (Golden) Course Links

Prerequisites

The Intro to Computer Science in JavaScript course is designed for complete beginners with no previous background in computer science. The course is highly visual, dynamic, and interactive, making it engaging for new coders.

Course Breakdown

Unit 1: Introduction to Programming in JavaScript with Karel the Dog (3 weeks/15 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/1

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Commands Defining vs. Calling Methods Designing methods Program entry points Control flow Looping Conditionals Classes Commenting code Preconditions and Postconditions Top Down Design
Assignments / Labs	 26 Karel programming exercises in total Program-specific tasks for Karel the Dog Example Exercise: Pyramid of Karel Write a program to have Karel build a pyramid. There should be three balls on the first row, two in the second row, and one in the third row. Teach Karel new commands like turnRight() or makePancakes() Example Exercise: Pancakes Karel is the waiter. He needs to deliver a stack of pancakes to the guests on the 2nd, 4th, and 6th avenue. Each stack of pancakes should have three pancakes. Create a method called makePancakes() to help Karel solve this problem. Solve large Karel problems by breaking them down into smaller, more manageable problems using Top Down Design Example Exercise: The Two Towers In this program, Karel should build two towers of tennis balls. Each tower should be 3 tennis balls high.

Unit 2: Karel Challenges (1.5 weeks, 7 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/1407

Objectives / Topics Covered	Solving large and more complex problems using Karel
Assignments / Labs	S Karel challenges to tie everything learned in the Karel module together Example Exercise: Super Cleanup Karel Karel's world is a complete mess. There are tennis balls all over the place, and you need to clean them up. Karel will start in the bottom left corner of the world facing east, and should clean up all of the tennis balls in the world. This program should be general enough to work on any size world with tennis balls in any locations.

Unit 3: Javascript & Graphics (1 week/5 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/2

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Variables User Input Arithmetic Expressions Graphics
Assignments / Labs	 7 JavaScript & graphics programming exercises in total Using variables and getting user input using JavaScript Example Exercise: Dinner Plans Prompt the user for their name, then ask them what time you should meet for dinner. Greet them by name and tell them you will meet them at the time they specified!

Unit 4: Graphics Challenges (1 week, 5 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/9127

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Pair Programming Solving large and more complex problems using graphics
Assignments / Labs	3 graphics challenges to tie everything learned in the JavaScript & Graphics module together

Unit 5: JavaScript Control Structures (3 weeks/15 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/1410

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Booleans For Loops Conditionals Nested Control Structures While Loops
Assignments / Labs	 22 control structures programming exercises in total Using comparison and logical operators to control the flow of the program Example Exercise: Inventory Write a program that keeps track of a simple inventory for a store. While there are still items left in the inventory, ask the user how many items they would like to buy. Then print out how many are left in inventory after the purchase. You should use a while loop for this problem. Make sure you catch the case where the user tries to buy more items than there are in the inventory. In that case, you should print a message to the user saying that their request isn't possible. Using for loops Example Exercise: All Dice Values Write a program that prints all possible dice rolls with 2 dice.

To do so, you should use a double for loop. Hint: You can't use i for both for loops.
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Drawing basic graphics using JavaScript
Example Exercise: Caterpillar
This graphics program should draw a caterpillar. A caterpillar has
NUM_CIRCLES circles. Every other circle is a different color, the even
circles are red, and the odd circles are green (by even we mean
when i is an even number). Use a for loop to draw the caterpillar,
centered vertically in the screen. Also, be sure that the caterpillar is
still drawn across the whole canvas even if the value of
NUM_CIRCLES is changed.

Unit 6: Control Structures Challenges (1 week, 5 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/9128

Objectives / Topics Covered	Solving large and more complex problems using control structures
Assignments / Labs	4 challenges using control structures to tie everything learned in the JavaScript Control Structures module together Example Exercise: Guessing Game

Unit 7: Functions and Parameters (2 weeks/10 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/1410

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Functions with and without parameters Functions with and without return values Nested Control Structures Local variables and scope
Assignments / Labs	 14 functions programming exercises in total Using various kinds of functions such as functions with and without parameters, and functions with and without return values Example Exercise: Vertical Lines Write a function that draws vertical lines on the graphics canvas. If a line is vertical, then the x-values for the endpoints are the same. The parameters to your function should be the x location, and the length, and all of your lines should start at y position 0. Example Exercise: Is it even? Write a function called isEven that returns a boolean of whether or not a value is even or odd. The isEven function should not print anything out or return a number. It should only take in a number and return a boolean. Once you've written this function, write a program that asks the user for integers and prints whether the number they entered is even or odd using your isEven function. You should let the user keep

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Unit 8: Functions Challenges (1 week/5 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/9129

Objectives / Topics Covered	Solving large and more complex problems using functions
Assignments / Labs	 4 challenges using functions to tie everything learned in the Functions and Parameters module together Example Exercise: Balloons You should use lines, circles, and random colors to draw a bunch of balloons. All the balloon strings should start two-thirds down the canvas. Each string line should travel upward to a random point and have a circle placed on top of the endpoint. Each balloon should be a random color and have a radius between `MIN_RADIUS` and `MAX_RADIUS`.

Unit 9: Animation and Games (3 weeks/15 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/3

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Timers Randomizing Games Mouse Events Keyboard Events
Assignments / Labs	 15 animations programming exercises in total Using timers to add randomizations to graphical programs Example Exercise: Paint Splatter Write a program that splatters paint on the screen every DELAY milliseconds. To splatter paint, pick a random color and draw CIRCLES_PER_SPLATTER circles of that color at random places on the screen. The radius of each circle should be a random value between MIN_RADIUS and MAX_RADIUS. Remember to use helper functions. Using mouse events for interactive programs Example Exercise: Target Draw a target on the screen that moves to aim at where your mouse is located. A target consists of a horizontal line that goes from 0 to the window width and a vertical line that goes from 0 to the window height. The lines should cross paths where the mouse is. If you're feeling adventurous, you can extend this to draw a small red circle whenever you click. If you're feeling really adventurous, you can have a bouncing ball on the screen and see if you can remove it when it gets clicked. You can use remove(obj) to remove something from the screen and getElementAt(x, y) to get an object at the given position. It will return the object or will return null if there is no object there. Using keyboard events for interactive programs Example Exercise: Basic Snake

center of the screen. The snake should be moving to the right. If you hit an arrow key, you should change the snake's direction.		3 3
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Unit 10: Animations Challenges (1 week/5 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/9130

Objectives / Topics Covered	Solving large and more complex problems using animation
Assignments / Labs	2 challenges using animation to tie everything learned in the Animation & Games module together

Unit 11: Project: Breakout (2 weeks/10 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/469

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Basic graphics Mouse events Collision detection
Assignments / Labs	 Guided exercises to build a Breakout Game Breakout is made up of bricks at the top of the screen, a paddle that you control at the bottom of the screen, and a ball that bounces around. Your goal is to direct the paddle with your mouse to bounce the ball until all of the bricks have been hit and disappear.

Unit 12: Final Project (2-4 weeks/10-20 hours)

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/9131

Objectives / Topics Covered	 Collaborative Programming Project Planning Pseudocode
Assignments / Labs	 Collaborative open-ended final project which encourages creativity Program Requirements: Your program:

Browse the full content of this unit at https://codehs.com/library/course/1/module/7077

Objectives / Topics	 Programming with Karel, JavaScript and Graphics, Control Structures,
Covered	Functions and Parameters, Animation and Games
Assignments / Labs	 Final Exam Pt 1: Multiple Choice Final Exam Pt 2: Free Response (Offline Assessment)

Optional Supplemental Materials (Remainder of school year)

These supplemental materials should be used following the Prerequisite Units mentioned:

Supplementary Units	Prerequisite/Recommended Unit(s)	# of activities
Midterm Exam	Programming with Karel, JavaScript and Graphics, Control Structures	1
Extra Karel Practice	Programming with Karel and Karel Challenges	12
Extra Karel Puzzles	Programming with Karel and Karel Challenges	11
Functions and Parameters Practice	Functions & Parameters	8
Extra Console Challenges	Javascript Control Structures	10
More Graphics and Animation - Snake Game - Graphics Challenges	Animation & Games	11
Evolution Simulation (note as a possible Science tie-in)	Data Structures	5
Visualizing Music	Data Structures (array)	9
Data Structures - Arrays - Lists - Objects - Sets - Grids	Complete all units in main course, including Breakout	78
Tic Tac Toe	Data Structures	4
Helicopter Game	Data Structures	24
Data Structures Challenges - Conway's Game of Life - Connect Four	Data Structures	6